

Cambridge International AS & A Level

BIOLOGY

Paper 4 A Level Structured Questions MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 100 9700/41 October/November 2020

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge International will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge International is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2020 series for most Cambridge IGCSE[™], Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always whole marks (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme, referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently, e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

https://xtremepape.rs/

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

Science-Specific Marking Principles

- 1 Examiners should consider the context and scientific use of any keywords when awarding marks. Although keywords may be present, marks should not be awarded if the keywords are used incorrectly.
- 2 The examiner should not choose between contradictory statements given in the same question part, and credit should not be awarded for any correct statement that is contradicted within the same question part. Wrong science that is irrelevant to the question should be ignored.
- 3 Although spellings do not have to be correct, spellings of syllabus terms must allow for clear and unambiguous separation from other syllabus terms with which they may be confused (e.g. ethane / ethene, glucagon / glycogen, refraction / reflection).
- 4 The error carried forward (ecf) principle should be applied, where appropriate. If an incorrect answer is subsequently used in a scientifically correct way, the candidate should be awarded these subsequent marking points. Further guidance will be included in the mark scheme where necessary and any exceptions to this general principle will be noted.

5 <u>'List rule' guidance</u>

For questions that require *n* responses (e.g. State **two** reasons ...):

- The response should be read as continuous prose, even when numbered answer spaces are provided.
- Any response marked *ignore* in the mark scheme should not count towards *n*.
- Incorrect responses should not be awarded credit but will still count towards *n*.
- Read the entire response to check for any responses that contradict those that would otherwise be credited. Credit should **not** be awarded for any responses that are contradicted within the rest of the response. Where two responses contradict one another, this should be treated as a single incorrect response.
- Non-contradictory responses after the first *n* responses may be ignored even if they include incorrect science.

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6 <u>Calculation specific guidance</u>

Correct answers to calculations should be given full credit even if there is no working or incorrect working, **unless** the question states 'show your working'.

For questions in which the number of significant figures required is not stated, credit should be awarded for correct answers when rounded by the examiner to the number of significant figures given in the mark scheme. This may not apply to measured values.

For answers given in standard form (e.g. $a \times 10^n$) in which the convention of restricting the value of the coefficient (a) to a value between 1 and 10 is not followed, credit may still be awarded if the answer can be converted to the answer given in the mark scheme.

Unless a separate mark is given for a unit, a missing or incorrect unit will normally mean that the final calculation mark is not awarded. Exceptions to this general principle will be noted in the mark scheme.

7 <u>Guidance for chemical equations</u>

Multiples / fractions of coefficients used in chemical equations are acceptable unless stated otherwise in the mark scheme.

State symbols given in an equation should be ignored unless asked for in the question or stated otherwise in the mark scheme.

Mark scheme abbreviations

;	separates marking points
1	alternative answers for the same point
R	reject
Α	accept (for answers correctly cued by the question, or by extra guidance)
AW	alternative wording (where responses vary more than usual)
underline	actual word given must be used by candidate (grammatical variants accepted)
max	indicates the maximum number of marks that can be given
ora	or reverse argument
mp	marking point (with relevant number)
ecf	error carried forward
I	ignore

AVP alternative valid point

9700/41

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| Question | Answer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Marks |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| 1(a)     | <ul> <li>A – line to epidermal cell ;</li> <li>B – line to mesophyll cell ;</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | 2     |
| 1(b)(i)  | bundle sheath (cell);                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | 1     |
| 1(b)(ii) | <ul> <li>any four from:</li> <li>decrease / stop, photorespiration;</li> <li>mesophyll cells, surround / protect / form ring round, bundle sheath;</li> <li>air / oxygen, cannot reach, bundle sheath (cells);</li> <li>oxygen cannot, reach / bind to, RuBP / rubisco (in BSC);</li> <li>high / much, carbon dioxide (in bundle sheath cells);</li> <li>AVP;</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | 4     |
| 1(c)(i)  | <ul> <li>any four from:</li> <li>as temperature increases rate increases, up to 25 °C / at low temperatures, for both ;</li> <li>as temperature increases rate decreases, above 35 °C / at high temperatures, for both ;</li> <li>C3 rate high<u>er</u>, at low temperatures / &lt; 22 °C ;</li> <li>C3 rate low<u>er</u>, at high temperatures / &gt; 22 °C ;</li> <li>C3, peak rate / maximum rate / optimum T °C, at 25 °C and C4, peak rate / maximum rate / optimum T °C, at 30–35 °C ;</li> <li>C3, maximum rate / peak ;</li> <li>C3, maximum rate / peak, is at low<u>er</u> temperature or C3 has a lower optimum temperature ;</li> <li>comparative data quote ;</li> </ul> | 4     |
| 1(c)(ii) | <i>comparison</i><br>rate, high <u>er</u> / fast <u>er</u> , high CO <sub>2</sub> conditions ; (at 30–35 °C) rate is maximum for both ;<br><i>explanation (max 1)</i><br>carbon dioxide, limits rate / is limiting factor, in low CO <sub>2</sub> conditions ;<br>AVP ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 2     |

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| Question  | Answer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Marks |
|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| 2(a)(i)   | <ul> <li>any three from:</li> <li>environmental / not genetic;</li> <li>as change in yield occurs in one goat;</li> <li>yield increases (from 1<sup>st</sup> to 2<sup>nd</sup>) in all genotypes;</li> <li>older / 2<sup>nd</sup> lactation, goats have, bigger / more developed, udders;</li> <li>age / maturity, is an environmental factor;</li> <li>AVP;</li> </ul>                                                                                                            | 3     |
| 2(a)(ii)  | any three from:<br>1 (substitution / $G \rightarrow C / CC$ ) increases milk, yield / production ;<br>2 more food / more income / benefit for people ;<br>3 little difference between GG and CG / small effect in heterozygotes ;<br>4 AVP ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 3     |
| 2(b)(i)   | <b>CC</b> = $(0.3 \times 0.3 \times 268 =) 24$ ;<br><b>CG</b> = $(2 \times 0.3 \times 0.7 \times 268 =) 113$ ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 2     |
| 2(b)(ii)  | chi-square(d test) / $\chi^2$ ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | 1     |
| 2(b)(iii) | <ul> <li>CC, high<u>er</u> than predicted / 47 instead of 16 or GG, high<u>er</u> than predicted / 324 instead of 289 or CG, low<u>er</u> than predicted / 69 instead of 135 ;</li> <li><i>plus any two from:</i></li> <li>could be (natural / artificial) selection against heterozygotes ;</li> <li>could be (artificial) selection for, high milk yield / CC ;</li> <li>migration / immigration / emigration ;</li> <li>genetic drift ;</li> <li>non-random mating ;</li> </ul> | 3     |

|          | robeisneb                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |       |  |
|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|--|
| Question | Answer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | Marks |  |
| 2(c)     | <ul> <li>advantage:</li> <li>treat (genetic) disease / treat people / reduce suffering / therapeutic ;</li> <li>problem (max 1):</li> <li>possible side effects (on human) / drug may not be pure / may contain allergens / risk of harm / may be unsafe / risk of goat disease transmission to humans ;</li> <li>process may harm goats / animal welfare issues ;</li> <li>vegetarians / vegans, may not take drug ;</li> </ul> | 2     |  |

| Question | Answer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Marks |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| 3(a)     | <pre>any four from:<br/>1 geographic(al), isolation / barrier between populations;<br/>2 no / low / less, (inter)breeding / gene flow;<br/>3 different mutations occur;<br/>4 different (named), selection pressures / environment(al conditions);<br/>5 natural selection;<br/>6 genetic drift;<br/>7 allopatric (sub)speciation;</pre>                                                                            | 4     |
| 3(b)     | cytochrome c oxidase / (mitochondrial) gene / DNA / base, <u>sequence</u> s,<br>(nearly) identical / (very) similar ;<br>small number of bases different / low percentage difference ;<br>difference to other species is greater ;                                                                                                                                                                                  | 2     |
| 3(c)     | <ul> <li>any two from:</li> <li>identify species, quickly / automatically / by non-experts;</li> <li>compare with, Red List / IUCN list / CITES appendix;</li> <li>confiscate / destroy / relocate, endangered species / ES products;</li> <li>prosecute / stop activities of, smugglers / traders / poachers;</li> <li>prevent entry of, predators / competitors / diseases, that could harm native ES;</li> </ul> | 2     |

| Answer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Marks                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <ul> <li>any two from:</li> <li>1 changed amino acid / changed 1° structure / polar → non-polar amino acid ;</li> <li>2 valine / non-polar R group, forms different bonds (than glutamine) ;</li> <li>3 bonds form between HbS molecules / HbS molecules stick together ;</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                | 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <ul> <li>any two from:</li> <li>both HbF and HbS present;</li> <li>stops / decreases, HbS, shape change / fibre formation;</li> <li>fewer red blood cells, change shape / sickle / block capillaries;</li> <li>avoids very low pO<sub>2</sub> in, blood / capillaries / tissues;</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                         | 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| transcription factor / regulatory protein ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 1                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| <ul> <li>any four from:</li> <li>current / potential difference / electric field (across gel);</li> <li>(protein / Hb) moves / attracted, to, anode / positive electrode;</li> <li>HbS (more positive so) moves, more slowly</li> <li>HbS moves, shorter distance / less (far) from negative end;</li> <li>compare band positions to, known haemoglobins / reference bands;</li> <li>if single band seen at HbS position person has sickle cell anaemia;</li> </ul> | 4                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| lane 1 lane 2 lane 3 lane 4 lane 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | <ul> <li>1 changed amino acid / changed 1° structure / polar → non-polar amino acid ;</li> <li>2 valine / non-polar R group, forms different bonds (than glutamine);</li> <li>3 bonds form between HbS molecules / HbS molecules stick together ;</li> <li>any two from:</li> <li>1 both HbF and HbS present;</li> <li>2 stops / decreases, HbS, shape change / fibre formation ;</li> <li>3 fewer red blood cells, change shape / sickle / block capillaries ;</li> <li>4 avoids very low pO<sub>2</sub> in, blood / capillaries / tissues ;</li> <li>transcription factor / regulatory protein ;</li> <li>any four from:</li> <li>1 current / potential difference / electric field (across gel) ;</li> <li>2 (protein / Hb) moves / attracted, to, anode / positive electrode ;</li> <li>3 HbS (more positive so) moves, more slowly</li> <li>4 HbS moves, shorter distance / less (far) from negative end ;</li> <li>5 compare band positions to, known haemoglobins / reference bands ;</li> <li>6 if single band seen at HbS position person has sickle cell anaemia ;</li> </ul> |

|           |                                                                                                                                                                                |                                     |                       | PUBLISHED                        |                      |   | <br>  |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------|---|-------|
| Question  |                                                                                                                                                                                |                                     |                       | Answer                           |                      |   | Marks |
| 5(a)      | parent phenotypes:                                                                                                                                                             | long hair<br>pointed                | х                     | short hair<br>full colour        | ;                    |   | 5     |
|           | parent genotypes:                                                                                                                                                              | hhrr                                | x                     | HhRr                             | ;                    |   |       |
|           | gametes:                                                                                                                                                                       | hr                                  |                       | HR Hr hR hr                      | ;                    |   |       |
|           | F1 genotypes:                                                                                                                                                                  | HhRr                                | Hhrr                  | hhRr                             | hhrr                 | ; |       |
|           | F1 phenotypes:                                                                                                                                                                 | short hair<br>full colour           | short hair<br>pointed | long hair<br>full colour         | long hair<br>pointed | ; |       |
| 5(b)(i)   | any one from:<br>1 two pointed pare<br>2 two full colour ca<br>3 pointed phenotyp                                                                                              | ts can give a po                    | inted offspring;      | fspring;<br>restriction site(s); |                      |   | 1     |
| 5(b)(ii)  | <ul> <li>any two from:</li> <li>autosomal because</li> <li>1 males have two a</li> <li>2 (marker inheritan</li> <li>3 colour of sons no</li> <li>4 gene is not on X</li> </ul> | ice shows) sons<br>of determined on | ly by mother;         |                                  |                      |   | 2     |
| 5(b)(iii) | any <b>two</b> from:<br>plus or minus and ma                                                                                                                                   | arker number inh                    | erited, together      | / as a block / as a pai          | r;                   |   | 2     |
|           | no, recombination / (r<br>no, +3 / +4 / –7, in bot                                                                                                                             |                                     |                       |                                  |                      |   |       |

| Question | Answer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | Marks |
|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| 6(a)(i)  | (cytoplasm of) presynaptic / terminal, knob ;<br>presynaptic membrane ;<br>presynaptic membrane ;<br>postsynaptic membrane ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 4     |
| 6(a)(ii) | any <b>two</b> from:<br>one-way / unidirectional (transmission of impulses) ;<br>communication between (many) neurones ;<br>AVP ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 2     |
| 6(b)     | <ul> <li>any four from:</li> <li>1 binds to / inhibits, <u>acetylcholinesterase</u>;</li> <li>2 active site, blocked / shape changes;</li> <li>3 Ach / acetylcholinesterase, not broken down / stays bound to receptors;</li> <li>4 Na<sup>+</sup> channels stay open;</li> <li>5 sarcolemma, (stays) depolarised / has constant action potentials;</li> <li>6 muscles stay contracted;</li> </ul> | 4     |
| 6(c)     | <ul> <li>any two from:</li> <li>1 Ca<sup>2+</sup> channels open ;</li> <li>2 Ca<sup>2+</sup>, diffuses / released, into sarcoplasm ;</li> <li>3 Ca<sup>2+</sup> binds to troponin ;</li> <li>4 tropomyosin, moves / changes position ;</li> <li>5 cross-bridges form / myosin binds to actin ;</li> </ul>                                                                                          | 2     |

| Question | Answer                                                                                                             | Marks |
|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| 7(a)     | A;<br>E;,D;<br>B;;<br>D;                                                                                           | 6     |
| 7(b)     | lactate, converted / oxidised ;<br>to, pyruvate / glucose / glycogen ;<br>haemoglobin / myoglobin, re-oxygenated ; | 2     |

| Answer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | Marks                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 5000 ÷ 350 ;<br>14.3 ;                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <ul> <li>any five from:</li> <li>aesthetic / leisure, reasons;</li> <li>moral / ethical, reasons;</li> <li>resource material;</li> <li>economic benefits for local community / (eco)tourism;</li> <li>maintain / do not disrupt, food webs / food chains / ecosystem;</li> <li>mineral (re)cycling;</li> <li>maintain, large gene pool / genetic variation;</li> <li>AVP;</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                    | 5                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <ul> <li>any two from:</li> <li>1 do not buy unsustainable palm oil (products);</li> <li>2 campaign / raise awareness / educate, for sustainable palm oil;</li> <li>3 donate to, anti-deforestation / conservation, charities;</li> <li>4 AVP;</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| <ul> <li>any seven from:</li> <li>double stranded DNA;</li> <li>have, restriction site / target sequence for restriction enzyme;</li> <li>allows <u>gene</u> (for cloning) to be inserted;</li> <li>small;</li> <li>plasmid can, enter / transform, (host) cell / bacterium;</li> <li>circular;</li> <li>stable;</li> <li>contain, (named) marker <u>genes / (named) genes</u> for antibiotic resistance;</li> <li>used to identify, GM / transformed / recombinant, (bacterial) cells;</li> <li>replicate, fast / independently (of host cell replication);</li> </ul> | 7                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | 5000 + 350 ;         14.3 ;         any five from:         1 aesthetic / leisure, reasons ;         2 moral / ethical, reasons ;         3 resource material ;         4 economic benefits for local community / (eco)tourism ;         5 maintain / do not disrupt, food webs / food chains / ecosystem ;         6 mineral (re)cycling ;         7 maintain, large gene pool / genetic variation ;         8 AVP ;         any two from:         1 do not buy unsustainable palm oil (products) ;         2 campaign / raise awareness / educate, for sustainable palm oil ;         3 donate to, anti-deforestation / conservation, charities ;         4 AVP ;         any seven from:         1 double stranded DNA ;         2 have, restriction site / target sequence for restriction enzyme ;         3 allows gene (for cloning) to be inserted ;         4 small ;         5 plasmid can, enter / transform, (host) cell / bacterium ;         6 circular ;         7 stable ;         8 contain, (named) marker <u>genes / (named) genes</u> for antibiotic resistance ;         9 used to identify, GM / transformed / recombinant, (bacterial) cells ; |

| Question | Answer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Marks |
|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| 9(b)     | <ul> <li>any eight from:<br/>restriction endonucleases</li> <li>1 cut <u>DNA</u>;</li> <li>2 at, restriction site / specific (base) sequence / target sequence;</li> <li>3 ref. to palindrome;</li> <li>4 give, sticky / blunt, ends;</li> <li>ligases</li> <li>5 join gene to, plasmid / (named) vector;</li> <li>6 seal (sugar-phosphate) backbone;</li> <li>7 make, phospho(di)ester / covalent, bonds;</li> <li>8 make recombinant, DNA / plasmid / vector;</li> </ul> | 8     |
|          | <ul> <li>reverse transcriptase</li> <li>9 makes cDNA;</li> <li>10 from mRNA;</li> <li>11 ref. to DNA single-stranded initially;</li> <li>12 AVP;</li> </ul>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |       |

| Question | Answer                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Marks |
|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|
| 10(a)    | <pre>any seven from:<br/>1 adrenaline, binds / joins, to receptor ;<br/>2 on (cell surface) membrane of liver cells ;<br/>3 activates / stimulates, <u>G protein</u> ;<br/>4 activates / stimulates, adenyl(yl) cyclase ;<br/>5 cyclic AMP made from ATP ;<br/>6 (cAMP is) <u>second(ary) messenger</u> ;<br/>7 (cAMP) activates / stimulates / binds to, <u>kinase</u> ;<br/>8 <u>enzyme cascade</u> ;<br/>9 amplifies signal ;<br/>10 (activates) glycogen phosphorylase ;</pre>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       | 7     |
| 10(b)    | <ul> <li>any eight from:</li> <li>1 ABA is a stress hormone ;</li> <li>2 ABA, released / produced / increases, during drought ;</li> <li>in context of guard cell</li> <li>3 ABA binds to its receptor on (cell surface) membrane ;</li> <li>4 stops, H<sup>+</sup> / H ions / protons, leaving (guard cell cytoplasm) ;</li> <li>5 Ca<sup>2+</sup> enters ;</li> <li>6 Ca<sup>2+</sup> is a second(ary) messenger ;</li> <li>7 (Ca<sup>2+</sup> / Ct<sup>-</sup> / K<sup>+</sup>) channel (proteins) open ;</li> <li>8 Ct<sup>-</sup> / anions, leave ;</li> <li>9 K<sup>+</sup> leave ;</li> <li>10 water potential (in cell) increases ;</li> <li>11 water leaves by osmosis ;</li> <li>12 volume of, cell / vacuole, decreases ;</li> <li>13 cell becomes flaccid closing, stoma / pore ;</li> </ul> | 8     |